DARTMOUTH HEALTH CHILDREN'S CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES

MANAGEMENT of SUSPECTED VICTIMS of CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT

RESMIYE ORAL, MD CHILD ADVOCACY & PROTECTION PROGRAM

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Glossary

DH-C Dartmouth Health
SS: Children's Social Services
RMO: Risk Management Office

CAPP: Child Advocacy & Protection Program

ED: Emergency Department PICU: Pediatric Intensive Care

Unit

GAP: General Pediatrics Clinics SAFE-P: Pediatric Sexual Assault

Forensic Examiner

STI: Sexually Transmitted

Infection

ICN: Neonatal Intensive Care

SW: Social Worker

AHT: Abusive Head Trauma

BW: Birth Weight

DCF:

OI: Osteogenesis Imperfecta
DV: Domestic Violence
DCYF: Department of Children

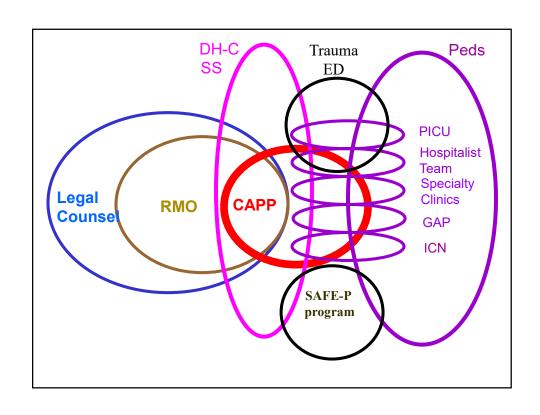
Families and Youth (NH)

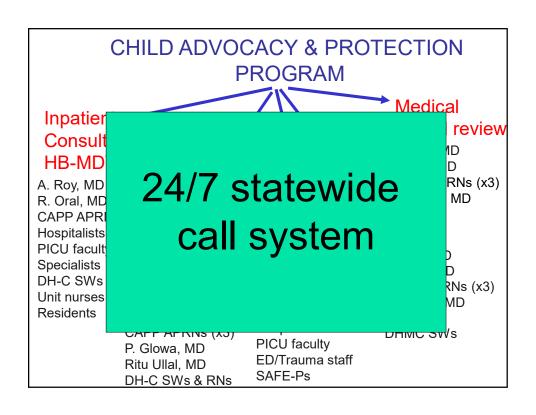
Department of Children and Families (VT)



Goals and Objectives

- How CAPP functions
- How to obtain history from families/children
- Resources available while on call
- Diagnostic work up
- Reporting





CHILD ADVOCACY & PROTECTION PROGRAM CALL SERVICE Pager 9335



- 24/7 triage system for NH and eastern/southern VT
 - 24/7 phone service (no fail!)
- Three tier call takers system:
 - 3 APRNs and 4 physicians, first call + SAFE-P team
 - 3 physicians, second call (back up for APRNs)
 - 2 child abuse pediatricians, third call (back up for all calltaking providers)

CHILD ADVOCACY & PROTECTION PROGRAM CONSULT TYPES Pager 9335



- CAPP SW consult and CAPP medical consult:
 REQUEST on every case with concern for child abuse ———— CAPP medical consult:
 - In person: Case high profile, medical input critical and provider is within 1-hr of driving distance to CHaD
 - Telehealth: Case high profile, medical input critical and provider lives BEYOND 1-hr of driving distance to CHaD
 - RECORD REVIEW consult: Case low profile, CAPP medical exam is NOT needed, CAPP provider posts an opinion note, CAPP SW guides safety plan



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CALL TAKING STAFF

- A. Roy, R. Oral, Michael Matos
- A. Marsh, R. Fishwick, Jill Rockwell
- Brian Beals
- SAFE-Ps: V. Johnson, C. Collier, P. Glowa, A. Marsh, K. Jameson



PURPOSE

- Compliance with statutes
- Standardized assessment across DH system
- Standardized data collection
- Provide optimal care
- Educate all DH staff to provide basic minimum care to all child abuse victims



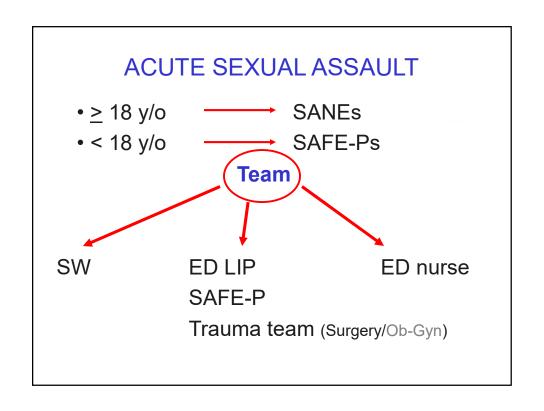
SITE & TIMING of Assessment

- Physical abuse/neglect
- as soon as child presents, at site of initial presentation (GAP, ED, if possible CAPP clinic)
 - * Urine bag for urine tox asap...
- Sexual abuse
 - Acute sexual assault
 - <72 h in females <12 y/o and males of all ages
 - Adolescent females <120 h
 - Non-acute abuse (Beyond above timelines)



ACUTE SEXUAL ASSAULT

- Emergent assessment to:
- Assess for and treat:
 Injuries, pregnancy, STIs
- Reassure child and family
- Collect forensic evidence and document trauma





SITE & TIMING of Assessment



- Emergent assessment in acute sexual assault
 - Digital-genital, mucosal contact
 - <u>+</u> family crisis
- Vague history, extent of contact not known
 - ED provider takes history from family/child
 - Clarify extent and timing of sexual contact
 - Call CAPP on call provider to decide on forensic evidence collection need, SAFE-P involvement
 - · CAPP on call arranges follow up

SITE & TIMING of Assessment



- Emergency assessment:
 - Psychosocial evaluation (family interview)
 - · Minimal fact gathering history from child
 - · Physical exam
 - Evidence collection
 - STI testing/prophylaxis and other treatment/referral
- In ED if no injuries
- In OR if injuries to be repaired



SITE & TIMING of Assessment

- Acute sexual assault but...
 - <u>Reliable history:</u> No digital/genital or mucosal contact, no symptoms, no family crisis, child on child (~ <12)
 - · CAPP follow up with no forensic kit
- Non-acute sexual abuse
 - Physical exam, work with ED SW and report to DCYF/DCF, document intake number, call CAPP
 - follow up in CAPP clinic



SITE & TIMING of Assessment

- Acute sexual assault but...
 - Any questions... Page 9335
 - If you don't hear from us in 15 minutes: call DHMC operator, please⁽³⁾



CAPP CONSULTATION during hours

- In complex, high profile/uncertain cases
 - Order SW and CAPP consult in EPIC
 - Call CAPP Provider on-call via 9335 and CAPP SW: ~ Same day consultation as a team in person or via telehealth
 - Written consult note in EPIC within 12-24 hr





CPT CONSULTATION

after hours (M-Th)

- Page 9335, discuss case with CAPP on-call
- High profile case child expected to die overnight
 CAPP on-call + SW on-call will conduct in person or telehealth consult
- Lower profile case ——— guidance via phone
- formal record review or in person consult following morning



CPT CONSULTATION

after hours (weekends Fr-Sn)

- Page 9335, discuss case with CAPP on-call
- High profile case child expected to die overnight or D/C'd over weekend
 - CAPP on-call + SW on-call will conduct in person or telehealth consult
- Lower profile case ——— guidance via phone, <u>+</u> formal record review consult following work day



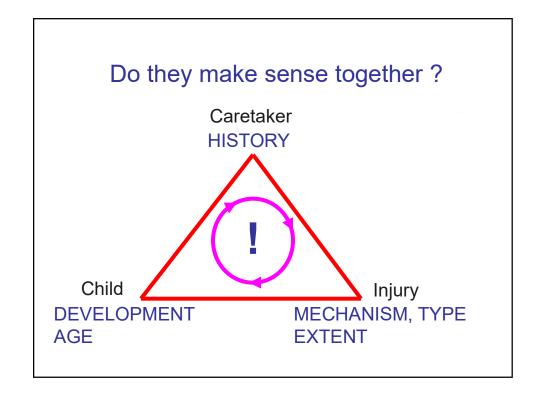
How can you benefit from CAPP?

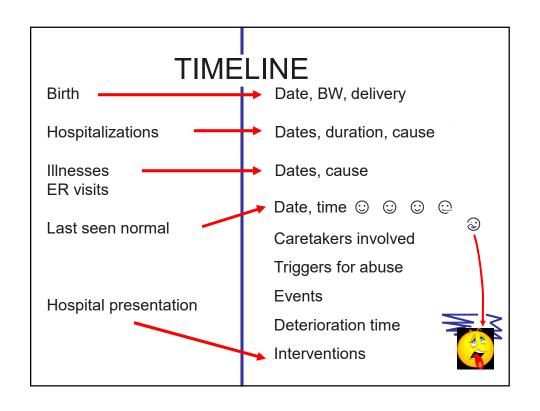
- You are a mandatory reporter!
 - Work with unit SW and your staff to learn how to file a child abuse report (NH & VT)
- Make a copy of appropriate child abuse diagnostic work-up for future use
- Make sure you observe one consult throughout its life, during residency
- Do a 2-w elective rotation with CAPP



OBJECTIVES

- Recognition and identification
- Appropriate diagnostic work-up
- Collect and document data
- Appropriate reporting







Information needed from ED providers

- Demographics
 - Child's name, DOB, MRN
 - Parent/guardian names and phone numbers
 - Names/DOBs of other children living in household or involved in allegation
 - Address where patient lives
 - Perpetrator's name, DOB, phone number/address if known

Information needed from ED providers

- ED providers should ask caretakers:
 - What did child/witness disclose?
 - When did it happen?
 - last sexual contact (date)?
 - last unsupervised contact with suspected perpetrator
 - Has the patient showered and/or changed clothes since contact?
 - Is alleged perpetrator a child? If so, their name/DOB?

Information needed from ED providers

- Nature of the contact?
 - What parts of patient's body were touched?
 - What parts of assailant(s) body was used?
 - Was touching over or under clothes?
 - Was there ejaculation/anal/oral/vaginal penetration?
- Does non-offending parent appear supportive?
 Will they keep child safe?

Information needed from ED providers

- If caretaker cannot provide information on nature of the contact:
 - Obtain history from child
 - Non-leading, open ended, narrative seeking questions
 - Was touching over or under clothes?
 - What parts of patient's body were touched?
 - What parts of assailant(s) body was used?
 - Was there ejaculation/anal/oral/vaginal penetration?

Minimal Fact-Gathering History from Child 6-Ws

- What happened?
- Who did it?
- When did it happen?
- Where did it happen?
- Witness or any other victims?
- Where were caretakers when abuse occurred?
- Does suspect have contact with victim's siblings or other children?
- Emergency medical care needed?



MFGH with

Child who already disclosed

- Child is aware s/he is at hospital because of what s/he disclosed
 - " Your mom told me you told her something tonight.
 Tell me about what you told your mom..."
- Focus on one/last incident in detail if there are several counts of abuse

MFGH with

Child who already disclosed

- Older children: Guilt/shame
 - Acknowledge other children have expressed difficulty in discussing their experiences
- Allow to draw or point out to body parts
- Focus on one incident in detail if there are several counts of abuse

MFGH with

Child who already disclosed

- · Younger children: More focused questions
 - "Who touched you?"
 - "Show me how he touched you"
 - "Did he touch you inside your pajamas or over your pajamas or some other way?"
 - "Where were you when that happened?"
 - "How did your "butt" feel when he put his finger there?"
 - "How did your "cookie" feel when you went to pee?"
 - "Where was your mommy when he touched you? Your daddy?"
 - "What were you wearing?"
 - "What did s/he say?"
 - "Did s/he say it was OK to tell your mom?"

MFGH with child...

No disclosure, abuse suspected

- "What did your mom tell you for coming to see me today?" or "Tell me why you came here today."
- "Sometimes children who tell us their bottom hurt may be touched down there that make them feel funny"
 - Universalize information asked for
 - Reassure this happens to many children, it's not child's fault
 - "Has anyone touched you like that?"
- "If something like that happened to you who could you tell? Who else?"

MFGH with a child...

No disclosure, abuse suspected

- "I heard you saw a policeman last week. Tell me what you talked about.."
- "I understand your mom is worried something may have happened to you. Tell me what she is worried about."
- "I heard that someone might have bothered you.
 Tell me everything about that."
- "I heard that someone may have done something to you that wasn't right. Tell me about that."



Obtaining history from child when concern is PA



- "I see that you have an owie on your face. Tell me how you got that."
- "My dad did it."
- "Tell me all about your dad doing it."
- "He kicked me."
- Tell me all about him kicking you."
- "Kicked me with his shoe."....
- "Where was your Mom when this happened?" "She was at work."...

Obtaining history from child when concern is PA



- "There is an owie on your shoulder, too.
 Tell me how you got this one."
- "My dad kicked there, too."
- "Where was your Mom when this happened?"
- "I told you, she was at work."...
- "Did this happen at the same time your face got hurt or at some other time?"
- "Same time. He kicked me here and here, and here."



Obtaining history from child when concern is PA

- "How did these happen, tell me all about it."
- "I told you he kicked me."
- "I see. Did your dad kick you one time or more than one time?"
- "More than one time. A lot of times."
- "Did he hit you any other day?"
- "Yes, and he hits my sister, too."...

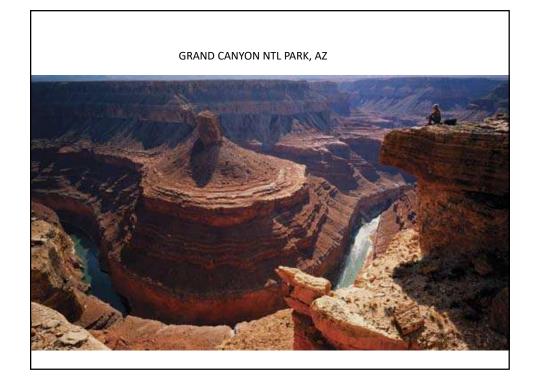
Remember: We are obligated to explore...

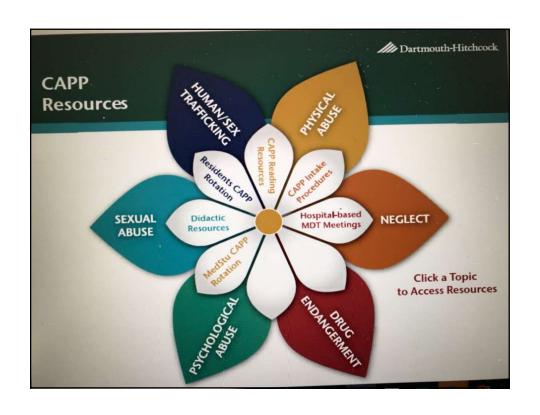
- Is there an abusive act?
- When did it happen?
- Do we have all information needed to decide on
 - urgent/emergent vs scheduled medical assessment?
 - extent of medical assessment?
 - If we don't, we will err on the side of safety!
- Who else do we need on assessment team?
 - SW, nurse, SAFE-P, attending...

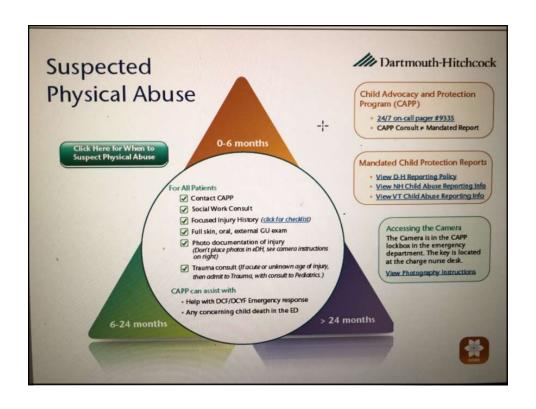


Clinical guidelines

- DHMC intranet home page
- Departments Tab
- 1st link Abuse and Neglect
- Link: <u>ALL you need to know about child</u> <u>abuse and neglect and CAPP</u>









DIAGNOSTIC WORK-UP Physical abuse/Neglect

- Skeletal survey (must< 2 y/o)
- Head CT in AHT without contrast in acute, MRI in subacute/chronic phase
- Chest/abdomen CT with contrast
 in thoraco-abdominal trauma or coma



DIAGNOSTIC WORK-UP Physical abuse/Neglect

- CBC, PLT, PT, PTT, VW Panel, Fibrinogen,
 Factors VIII, IX, XIII in extensive bleeding, bruising
- Urine organic acids in head trauma (SDH and RH)
- CMP, LFTs, kidney/pancreas function tests, CK, troponin, collagen testing; U/A, Ucx, StCx, glucose, serum protein/albumin, Stool O/P, stool fat, sweat test, lead
- Urine toxicology (bag asap)



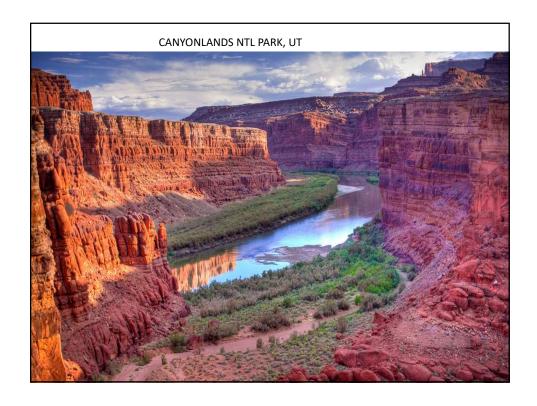
DIAGNOSTIC WORK-UP Physical abuse/Neglect

- Ophthalmology consult for fundoscopy (<2 y/o)
- Genetic consult: OI, metabolic disease
- Nutrition consult, caloric quantification
- Developmental assessment
- Other specialty consults...



DOCUMENTATION

- * History: Answers to what, how, when, where, details of injury mechanism, witness presence, previous injuries, past medical history, history obtained from parent, child
- * Other children involved, DV, pet abuse





DOCUMENTATION

- Color photographs on initial exam
 - Take many from different angles
 - Use a measure on the same plane as the injury
 - Use Haiku on non-genital photographs
 - Let CAPP provider on call know of photographs to be reviewed
- Secure server to save them



REPORTING

- Basis for reporting: Reasonable suspicion in good faith
- Get unit SW involved (24/7 coverage)
 - Name/pager of unit SW/SW on-call available through operator/web links
 - Use child abuse reporting note template on eDH



REPORTING

- Oral report:
 - Within 24 hours, preferably asap
 - DCYF intake number: 603-271-6565
 - DCF intake number: 800-649-5285
- Written report: Child Abuse Reporting form available in EPIC.
 - Within 24-48 hours
 - SW can do these with you
 - Complete at least one by yourself before graduating



CONSENT

- Parental consent (CAPP-specific, in CAPP interactive diagnostic tool)
 - Physical examination, X-rays, photographs, admission
 - Release of information to DCYF/DCF, police, county attorney, PCP, mental health provider...



NOTIFICATION

- Face-to-face communication re: decision to report
- Alternatives:
 - Via telephone, document conversations and attempts
 - Letter via overnight mail, document in the chart



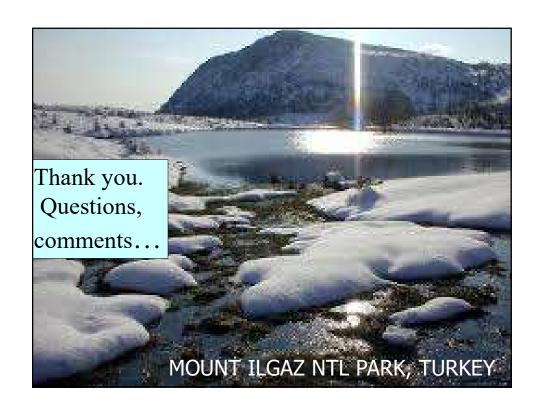
DISPOSITION

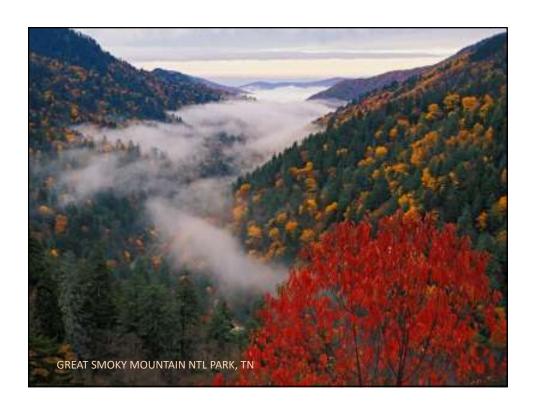
- Discharge should await for a DCYF/DCF plan of safety for child
 - Never D/C a patient before SW delivers you a safety plan: Document it in EPIC
- Advise DCYF/DCF other children in care of suspected perpetrator to be examined by CAPP



Summary

- CAPP has many moving parts that will help you in different ways
- Learning the skill to obtain history from families/children is very important.
- Telehealth, online protocols and 24/7 guidance will be available to residents
- Diagnostic work up tools that you may tap into are available on the intranet
- You are mandatory reporters, make sure you learn how to file a report before graduating







NO CONSENT NEEDED to test infant/child

- Maternal use of illegal drugs during pregnancy
- Physical or behavioral signs of exposure to illegal drugs in the child



References

- Lamb ME et al. 2007, A structured forensic interview protocol... Child Abuse Negl, 31(11-12):1201-31
- Orbach Y et al. 2000, Assessing structured forensic interview protocols. Child Abuse Negl, 24(6):733-5
- Benia LR et al. 2015, NICHD investigative interview protocol. J Child Sex Abuse, 24(3):259-79
- Sternberg KJ et al. 2001, Use of a structured investigative interview protocol. J App Psychol, 86(5):997-1005



DIAGNOSTIC WORK-UP Sexual abuse

- Skeletal survey (< 2 y/o)
- Testing for STIs
 - Mucosal contact with perpetrator
 - Genital, oral, anal trauma
 - Genital/anal discharge
 - History of ejaculation
 - Unreliable history



DIAGNOSTIC WORK-UP Sexual abuse

- NAATs for GC, Chlamydia (two sequences)
- · Serology for RPR, Hepatitis B, C, HIV
- Pap smear, urine pregnancy test
- Wet prep for Trichomonas, Gardnerella
- Culture vesicles or ulcers for HSV
- Drug screen (in all allegedly abused/neglected children [Urine, hair]

Thank you Resmiye-oral@uiowa.edu



Joshua National park, CA

DOCUMENTATION

 Comprehensive data collection form, injury sheet, skeletal survey diagram, head CT/MRI, chest/abdominal CT/MRI diagrams available on web links

